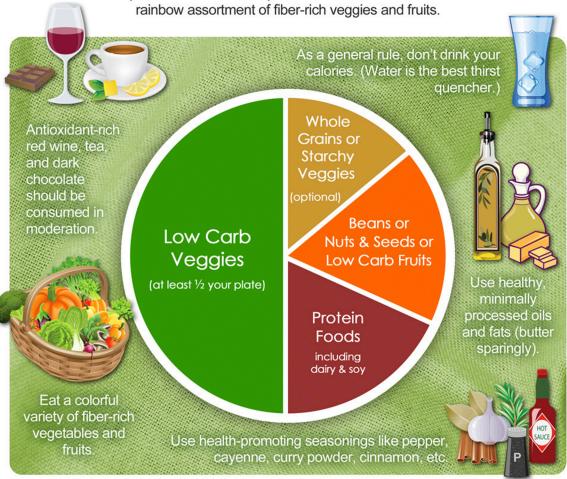
Healthy Eating Plate

Keep this plate in mind for meal planning and your overall approach to daily eating. Also remember to spread your carbs throughout the day, choose high-fiber carb foods, and always pair them with protein. Keep healthy by eating a good variety of unprocessed animal and plant foods. And think color - eat a



Note: If you have special dietary needs or restrictions, talk to your doctor before changing your eating habits.

Low Carb Vegetables

Whole Grains & Starchy Veggies

Beans, Nuts & Seeds, Low Carb Fruits

Protein Foods (including dairy & soy)

At least 1 to 3 cups

- · Kale
- · Spinach*
- · All leafy greens/lettuces*
- Mushrooms
- · Broccoli
- · Cauliflower
- Avocado
- Artichoke
- Cucumber
- · Celery*
- Asparagus
- · Okra
- · Cabbage
- · Bell pepper*
- · Beets
- · Green beans
- · Carrots
- · Sugar snap peas
- · Chili peppers
- · Radishes

No more than 1/4 to 1/2 cup, cooked

- (pearl, ok; hulled, better)
- · Steel cut oats
- Bulgur
- Popcorn (home popped)

- · Wild rice Quinoa
- · Buckwheat groats/kasha
- · Wheat berries · Sweet potato/yams
- · Peas
- Corn
- Parsnips
- Turnips
- · Squashes/pumpkin

About 1/4 to 1/2 cup, depending on carb count

- Lentils
- Soybeans (including edamame)
- · Black beans
- · All beans & legumes

About 1/4 cup

- Almonds
- Macadamias
- Brazil nuts
- Peanuts
- · All nuts & seeds (and unsweetened nut

About 1/2 to 1 cup, depending on carb count

- Melons
- · Raspberries/blackberries
- Strawberries*
- Plums
- · Citrus fruits

About 3 to 6 oz. (3 oz. is about the size of a deck of

- cards) · Whole, unprocessed meats & poultry (avoid cold cuts, sausage,
- bacon, etc.) · Eggs (free range, organic, if available)
- · Fish, especially oily, cold-water species (wild caught, whenever possible) & Shellfish
- Tofu
- Yogurt (unsweetened, full fat)
- · Cheese (full fat)
- · Cottage cheese (4% milk fat)

These fruits and vegetables may have higher levels of pesticides. Choose organic whenever you can.